UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

EPIC SYSTEMS CORPORATION, a Wisconsin corporation,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

Case No. 14-CV-748-WMC

TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES Madison, Wisconsin LIMITED, an Indian corporation October 20, 2015 and TATA AMERICA INTERNATIONAL 2:30 p.m. CORPORATION, d/b/a TCA America, a New York corporation,

Defendants.

STENOGRAPHIC TRANSCRIPT OF TELEPHONIC HEARING HELD BEFORE MAGISTRATE JUDGE STEPHEN L. CROCKER,

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff:

Jenner & Block BY: RICK RICHMOND KELLY MORRISON ANDREW SULLIVAN 633 West 5th Street, Ste. 3600 Los Angeles, California 90071

Quarles & Brady BY: STACY ALEXEJUN 33 East Main Street, Ste. 900 Madison, Wisconsin 53703

Lynette Swenson RMR, CRR, CBC U.S. District Court Federal Reporter United States District Court 120 North Henry Street, Rm. 520 Madison, Wisconsin 53703 608-255-3821

APPEARANCES CONTINUED:

For the Defendants:

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BY: BARBARA NEIDER
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THE COURT: Good afternoon. This is Magistrate

Judge Crocker. I understand I have the attorneys for

both sides in the Epic Systems lawsuit against TCS or

Tata Consultancy Services. There's a court reporter

here, so we're of record.

The case number is 14-CV-748-WMC. And let's get the appearances, please. First on behalf of plaintiff.

MR. RICHMOND: Thank you, Your Honor. This is Rick Richmond from Jenner Block. And I also have Kelly Morrison and Andrew Sullivan with me in case it's necessary for them to chime in.

THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon to all of you.

MR. RICHMOND: Thank you.

MS. ALEXEJUN: And Stacy Alexejun from Quarles & Brady is also here on behalf of the plaintiff.

THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon to you as well, Counsel. Let's check in with the defendant. Who have we got on behalf of TCS today?

MS. BYROADE: Good afternoon, Your Honor,
Melissa Byroade of Kelley Drye. I'm also here with
Alison MacGregor of Kelley Drye. And I believe Barbara
Neider is also on the phone.

MS. NEIDER: Yes, I am, Your Honor.

afternoon to you, all of you as well. Let's set the stage as best we can. We've got a lot in the hopper today, with more on the way next week. We've got a followup on the motion docketed as 93, which at the time it was presented to Magistrate Judge Oppeneer, acting in that capacity, was an emergency motion. You held out or he suggested you reserve for my consideration the question of deposing Commander Kumar and Iyappan Rathina. I want to talk about that last. I'd rather deal with the two new motions first.

Docketed by the Court as 107 is the plaintiff's motion to compel production of documents for which attorney/client privilege has been claimed by the defendant. Separate from that, but also on the agenda today, is the motion docketed as 112, the plaintiff's motion to compel a continued and more robust 30(b)(6)

deposition. And of course we've got briefs in support and statements and exhibits in support and then briefs and statements and exhibits in opposition to all of these.

Let's start with the motion to compel production of the documents for which privilege is claimed. Starting with the test here, the first thing that I looked at was whether or not the Court should forgive the inadvertent disclosure here. And the Court in Dellwood Farms, the 128 F.3d 1122 case, I think articulated helpfully the policy or philosophy around selective and inadvertent waiver and the considerations the court should keep in mind, and pointed out that there's three different ways courts approach it and all three are accepted, which is puzzling to me, but if it's a subjective approach, the waiver is always forgiven. If it's an objective approach, the waiver is never forgiven or the disclosure is never forgiven. And then the third approach is the balancing, which is between the two.

With the particular document at issue here, I'm not going to apply an objective approach. I don't think that that adequately captures the reality of what goes on in businesses in the world. It's easier, that certainly would cut through the Gordian Knot rather decisively, but I don't think it's fair in either

direction. So notwithstanding Kaiser Permanente's written policy, my view is that Mr. Gupta's use of a Kaiser computer does not constitute waiver. So I'm not going to use that as a basis to disclose it.

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However, I don't think Ms. Byroade's proffer by itself as to the attorney/client privilege suffices. It's just Ms. Byroade's say-so. She's not an actor. So what I'm prepared to do is give the defendant until Thursday noon, October 22, actually to make the record. The claim here is that Mr. Sundar prepared this PowerPoint for Ms. Mukherji, if I'm pronouncing it correctly, who then passed it along to in-house counsel, Mr. Verghese, who apparently then passed it along to Kelley, Drye & Warren after this litigation commenced. If the email chain shows that this was actually prepared at the direction of supervisors who wanted and then did pass it along to in-house counsel, from this Court's perspective that would suffice to maintain the privilege here. But we need more and I want it quickly. I don't want this to drag on endlessly. That said, let's get some additional input here and then we'll move on to the next one. But I don't really need to hear a lot. You've both made your positions pretty clear.

On behalf of the movant, Mr. Richmond, I presume that you'd like to offer your input at this point?

MR. RICHMOND: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. I think what Ms. Byroade has claimed is not that
Mr. Sundar prepared this, but that Mr. Gupta did and put it on the Kaiser hard drive; either he prepared it there on that hard drive or he put it there. But I think, unless I misread her email, that she was saying it was
Mr. Gupta --

THE COURT: Right. I misspoke. And I apologize. I'm looking at my notes. It was Mr. Gupta prepared it for TCS counsel and then they're claiming work product and attorney/client privilege. So you're correct.

MR. RICHMOND: Very good, Your Honor. The other thing, and it's not quite right, but if defendants are going to have to give more back, they have said that Kelley Drye received this purportedly privileged PowerPoint "shortly after the complaint was filed" and I think some precision on that would be good, Your Honor. Because the complaint was filed on October 31st, 2014, and nearly a month later with a report that says things like "a TCS associate had access to Epic UserWeb considering TCS does not have any teaming agreement with Epic if access was unauthorized." So that was in the report that came into Kelley Drye's hands shortly after the complaint was filed.

About a month after the complaint was filed, Kelley Drye wrote you a brief saying "According to TCS's investigation to date, the claims in this action have no merit and appear premised on unreliable statements by a disgruntled TCS employee." And then even later than that, on January 5, 2015, which was then another month-and-a-half after that, so about two-and-a-half months after the case was filed, they say in their motion to dismiss "nor do Epic's allegations that TCS access documents without authorization appear plausible."

THE COURT: It's hard to reconcile those different strands of argument, isn't it?

MR. RICHMOND: It certainly is, Your Honor.

And we've been asking for what investigations were done by TCS from the very beginning of the case, Your Honor, and we've just gotten stonewalling and silence. It's only in the last few weeks that we've now found out that there were at least two different investigative reports that have been around for a really long time. They've been around since the late summer of 2014. One of those reports is the one that you're looking at here, the other was one that was actually delivered to Kaiser and given to Kaiser with no claim at all of privilege. That was never produced to us. And the only way we got it

was very recently when we were fighting over this document that TCS said golly gee, that one is privileged, but look what we have here. We have a nonprivileged investigative report that we gave to Kaiser over a year ago and they just gave us that one.

So this isn't going to be the end of this issue,
Your Honor. There's going to be, I think, lots of
additional issues and matters that are going to have to
be resolved with respect to the investigations by TCS.

THE COURT: Mr. Richmond, why should the second half of this case be any less contentious than the first half. I look forward avidly to the motions practice.

MR. RICHMOND: Hope springs eternal, Your Honor.

THE COURT: That said, Ms. Byroade, is it clear what I need from you and can you meet the deadline?

MS. BYROADE: Yes, Your Honor, we can meet the deadline.

THE COURT: Okay. We'll just leave it at that. The burden is on the claimant of the privilege. You both cited back to me my own order in America Family Mutual where I'm just quoting other Seventh Circuit cases. But it's a narrow privilege. It's jealously guarded. Here it could be deserved. It's not clear to the Court at this point from first-hand actors that

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that's the case, but I'm prepared to give TCS the opportunity to prove that up. Noon on October 22, please.
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All right. Let's move on then to --

MS. BYROADE: Your Honor, I'm sorry. May I ask for one clarification?

THE COURT: Of course.

MS. BYROADE: Can we submit the additional evidence to you incamera?

THE COURT: Yes, of course.

MS. BYROADE: Okay. Just wanted to make sure. Thank you.

THE COURT: That's fine. If it's part of a privilege, then that makes sense. So let's approach it that way. And before we disclose anything into the record, if we get there from here, this court's practice, which I will follow here, is to let the party who submitted the documents know that before they're disclosed in case there has to be some sort of an emergency request for reconsideration by the trial judge or something like that. But let's not worry about that today.

MR. RICHMOND: Your Honor, this is Rick
Richmond. I have one final thing then to think about
with respect to this. If they are going to try to prove

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up their privilege with documents that I can't see, what I can't have happen frankly is at the end of that process to have somebody say well, I guess it's a privileged document. You can never use it for anything. I've now seen it and I know that the TCS in-house lawyers and their outside lawyers had this investigation in their hands at the very time they've been resisting discovery and telling the Court in motions to dismiss that these claims aren't even plausible, that it's just made up, that there was no unauthorized access when I know that they knew differently. So I'll need to use that document no matter what in some further discovery practice in front of Your Honor, whether it be for sanctions under Rule 11 or whether it be for motions to compel production of documents or whatever it be. So I just don't want to end this process and somehow the document disappears. We've all seen it and understand its significance at this point.

THE COURT: Sure. Well, Mr. Richmond, the best way I can respond to that is by offering a couple of different observations. First and most immediately, I'm honoring Ms. Byroade's request to submit this information incamera, but frankly it's hard for me to envision why any statement by the actors is privileged. I mean they're just basically telling me yeah, I'm the

one who asked Mr. Gupta to prepare this and I asked him to do that so I could show it to in-house counsel. There's nothing privileged about that. To the same extent if in-house counsel, Mr. Verghese, says I asked for this, this was part of an in-house investigation, again, that's not privileged. The fact of the investigation is not privileged. But I will wait to make that determination until I see what I actually get. Again, and I'm repeating myself, but we are very wary of granting the privilege and we don't do it any more broadly than we have to.

So the next observation I think segues from that.

Mr. Richmond, you can't unring the bell here. You know what you know. And without researching case law on this, it's hard for the Court to offer anything with precision, but I can tell you generally that we're not going to let TCS use this privilege as a shield and a sword. If, in fact, they were claiming things through counsel that turned out to be untrue and they knew it or should have known it at the time, there should be, and I'm certain there will be, consequences. And we will approach that at the appropriate time, as necessary, and certainly you're entitled to ask for the Court to review this and rule on a motion when you make it. You're not forbidden from doing that by anything that we're doing

today. But there's really nothing else the Court can do at this point other than to assure you that you do have a say in what happens next.

You're aware the document is out there. If it is privileged, you can't use it in the first instance. But if we transcend the normal concept of privilege here because of other litigation practice in this lawsuit, it's a whole new ballgame. Does that help at all?

MR. RICHMOND: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Ms. Byroade, again I'm not looking for trouble today, but does that generally make sense to you as well?

MS. BYROADE: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Let's move on then.

112 is the motion to compel a more robust or more

complete 30(b)(6) deposition. The motion as filed noted

three critical topics on which the designation Syama

Sundar was not well prepared. In response, Ms. Byroade

indicates that notwithstanding the fact that TCS and

counsel feel a little bit sandbagged by this claim,

they're now prepared to put on a witness and we can go

forward in some fashion.

Okay. That's a good start. But I don't want to leave loose ends dangling here. I know that there was umbrage taken in both directions here because the

parties, through email, were negotiating with each other. I think they're planning hardball. Fine. That's not the Court's concern.

But timing is a concern now. And I do want input from each side. But I'll tell you this right now:

Understanding that everybody's busy and you've got some depositions that are looming, I'm sure you've already taken some of them and others are ready to go soon, against my better judgment I'm going to give you an extra week on summary judgment and I'm going to try and avoid hurting people too badly on dates.

So put this in the bank. November 16 is the new deadline for any sort of dispositive motion. Responses by December 7. Reply by December 17. That's past the edge of the envelope and into the void, but that's something that I'm willing to do in order to make sure that the parties don't feel like they've been disadvantaged by late discovery. Okay?

I'll also tell you right now something I think that you would surmise that although it's only an extra week, there will be a ripple effect in Judge Conley's decision process. He's not known for turning these around quickly in any event. You just lost a week against that normal submission time for the order. You'll get something before the trial date. The trial date is

firm. But to try to take some of the pressure off of both sides at this point with all of the discovery that has to take place, you get the extra week now.

Okay. That said, I need some input as to where we find ourselves now. And Ms. Byroade, I think I'll start with you because I want to make sure I understand what you're offering in response to the motion. Without telling you what I think you said, why don't you tell me where you and Mr. Richmond find yourselves today with regard to the continued 30(b)(6), please.

MS. BYROADE: Sure. I think as I mentioned in my brief, we don't agree with the release they're seeking, and in a lot of cases, they're just complaining because they don't the answers. And a lot of the -- I think maybe all the information is already in the record through other fact witnesses, so they have the information to make their motion. But --

THE COURT: Well, let me interrupt,

Ms. Byroade. And I want to make sure that I'm clear on
this. One of their complaints was that 30(b)(6) is
different because it is the defendant itself, the
company speaking, not a witness, and we don't want any
evasion later. When you say that they have got it from
other witnesses, are those witnesses the corporation or
are they individual witnesses?

MS. BYROADE: They're individual witnesses.

And I do understand that and that's frankly part of why we've agreed to produce someone for the topic that they identified, the same topics that Mr. Sundar was designated for and we working on to identify the witness — I mean I think we agreed essentially to the relief they're seeking, they're just pushing on location and timing.

THE COURT: Okay. Does the extra week help at all?

MS. BYROADE: I think so. We had told them in the emails that we'll provide somebody as soon as we can in the United States at a location that's convenient to the witness and we think it can be done by mid-November, so I think that that does help.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, it's got to be before

-- let's be clear, Ms. Byroade. I'm not going to

micromanage this today, but I can micromanage it on 60

minutes notice if I have to. It's got to be done in

time for at least a rough transcript to be available

before November 16. Understood?

MS. BYROADE: Understood, yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, without meaning to delve into matters that are still ambiguous, you talk about a place that's convenient for the witness in the

United States. Can you narrow that down at all? Are we talking about your same witness, Mr. Sundar, in Connecticut? Are we talking about somebody in Kansas City? Somebody in Encino? What can you tell us today about who's in play?

MS. BYROADE: So it's not going to be

Mr. Sundar, it will be a different witness. We have not

-- we are still in the process of identifying who that

will be. It's possible they're an executive that is

located here, in which case it will be in New York like

the other depositions. If it's someone who has to come

from India, I think I would also say New York is more

convenient than Los Angeles. There's just no real -
the depositions have been in New York so far. Epic's

counsel has a office here and we think the standard is

(unintelligible) and so I don't really understand why

they're insisting on LA.

THE COURT: Well, I'm not going to worry about location today, but I'm prepared to shift costs of travel if I have to. But that's not the make or break. The main thing is getting a witness named, getting the appropriate documents disclosed if there are any additional documents that need to be disclosed, and getting the deposition in the can. Okay?

Ms. Byroade, anything else on that before I check

in with Mr. Richmond?

input, please.

MS. BYROADE: No, that's it. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Richmond, your

MR. RICHMOND: Thank you, Your Honor. I do appreciate your extending the dispositive motion deadline by a week. That does help. And I appreciate your comments about cost shifting, that may help.

But having said all that, when we issued these 30(b)(6) notices on April 10, so they've been out there a good long time, on June 5 TCS confirmed that they would provide a witness who would be prepared to testify on those topics. As we were lining up depositions to be taken, one of the people to be deposed was Mr. Sundar, who is a key player. He's Mr. Guionnet's boss. And in trying to line that deposition up, we were told he lives in Chini, India. That's in writing in front of you; that he was coming here on a special visa, and that we could only have him on this one day.

THE COURT: And lo and behold, he has been living in Connecticut for the past ten years. Imagine that.

MR. RICHMOND: Fifteen years, Your Honor. And even in the week before we were going to meet with him, we were saying we need more than one day; that his

deposition was scheduled for Friday, August 28. We offered to continue it into Saturday, Sunday, Monday, anything, because we believed he was in India and could only be here for a short time and we knew, because he had been designated for all three deposition notices, that we needed more time. They declined to do any of that, said let's just see how it goes.

At his deposition on August 28, I showed him all three 30(b)(6) notices and he said "I'm ready. I'm the guy. I'm the designee to testify on these subjects."

THE COURT: Well no, Mr. Richmond, let me interrupt. That's all in your papers to the Court. And I think your exasperation is merited, so I don't mean to just split the baby here. Tell me what you want to happen next. Apparently we don't have a witness named. You want to wait and see who it is and where they want it to occur and then let the Court know if that's unacceptable and have the Court referee that?

MR. RICHMOND: I guess we could do that, Your Honor. I don't know why they're not bringing

Mr. Sundar. He said he was the man. He was prepared.

They can bring another person, I suppose. I do think it's wrong for them to say somebody is prepared, bring them, and then make us go to New York twice for this man's deposition and then say well, golly gee, he's

really not prepared. We'll try to find somebody else and try to squeeze you and put it in right before summary judgment.

What I'd really like, I'd like Mr. Sundar as fast as we can get him, and if it's not him, somebody else as fast as we can get him. We'd prefer to have it here in LA. If they insist on New York, we'll do that and we'll make a motion to be reimbursed for the cost shifting as you've indicated.

THE COURT: Well, when you say --

MR. RICHMOND: But what I most want is for it to go fast.

THE COURT: That's the question I want to ask you. Tell me what that means to you. Quantify that.

MR. RICHMOND: I'm prepared to take that deposition any day, Your Honor. Any weekend. Any day. I'm ready to do it.

THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Byroade, today is the 20th. I'll give you a week. If you don't have somebody ready to go in a week, you waive the privilege or you waive the ability to put in evidence and the chips will fall where they may. Understood?

MS. BYROADE: You mean to have the actual deposition within a week?

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. BYROADE: If they have to come from India, I don't know if that's possible.

THE COURT: Why is it not Mr. Sundar?

Informational question, not rhetorical. Why is he not being reoffered?

MS. BYROADE: I mean I think it's the corporation's prerogative to have who they want and I don't frankly understand why Mr. Richmond is insisting that it is Mr. Sundar.

THE COURT: Okay. But you're not answering my question. Don't cross talk to Mr. Richmond's umbrage, answer my question. Why is he not being offered? Is that a decision because he's not a good witness?

Because he's not available? Something else? What's the thought process here?

MS. BYROADE: I mean we think that he did what he was supposed to do and he testified for two days.

That wasn't sufficient for Epic. So we're trying to find another person who can be prepared and can testify about the same topics.

THE COURT: Let's be clear. You keep saying you thought he did okay, but you've already conceded to me that he did not know the answers to questions that the corporation needs to respond to. And you've already conceded that the other witnesses may have talked about

these things, but not bound the corporation. So you can't have it both ways. You've got to put on a 30(b)(6) witness who can commit the corporation, the defendant, to answers.

Now, if you're going to bring in someone from

India, fine. We can do it by the end of October. If

it's someone in the U.S., it's got to be within seven

days. But October 31 is the drop-dead deadline. That's

a Saturday. If you don't meet it, there will be

consequences. Is that clear enough?

MS. BYROADE: Your Honor, I just want to -- I did not say that -- I did not concede that he didn't answer questions. That's not what I meant to say. We thought we were working with them and agreed to provide a witness, so we did not put in a substantive brief. So this is a little bit -- you know, I think this is sort of going in a different direction. But we're working to identify someone and we will. We have to coordinate schedules.

There are four depositions in the next few weeks in Wisconsin that affects the schedule.

THE COURT: Well, I'll tell you what -
MS. BYROADE: I don't know that -
THE COURT: Ms. Byroade, you're right and I'm

qoing to back off on that. Because one of the reasons

I'm giving everyone the extra time, until the 16th, is because you have these other depositions. What I want you to do is get the name of your 30(b)(6) ASAP. I want that within a week. I want that person identified to Mr. Richmond and his colleagues and I want you to tell him when it's going to be. If he's got a problem with that and you guys can't work it out, I will referee that dispute. But the thumb will be on the scale in favor of the plaintiff at that point. But I'll give you the opportunity to figure out who it's going to be and when it's going to be, taking into account the workload you've got. That's fair. Does that make sense?

MS. BYROADE: Yes. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Richmond, can you live with that today?

MR. RICHMOND: I'll wait to see what they come back with, Your Honor, but, you know, hope springs eternal. My guess is we'll be on the phone again.

THE COURT: Well, we've got a hearing next week already, maybe we can make it a two-fer.

MR. RICHMOND: There you go, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I think that's all we need to do on that one. Mr. Richmond, it's your motion. Anything else today?

MR. RICHMOND: Not until we get the name and

the date, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Understood. All right. So let's backtrack to 93. And again, I'm sort of playing catch up here. But my understanding of where the parties find themselves today is that defendant has agreed to provide Kumar and Rathina for depositions. And if I'm wrong, correct me. That's just my surmise at this point. But the question is the provision of documents in advance of their depositions. Maybe that's not a very accurate portrayal of what's still outstanding.

Mr. Richmond, you're the one who asked for consideration. Why don't you give me your position on where we find ourselves, and then Ms. Byroade, I'll get the defendants' position. Mr. Richmond, to you, please.

MR. RICHMOND: Thank you, Your Honor. As you'll remember, Mr. Guionnet's deposition was awhile in the making. It finally got underway on August 4, 5, and 6. During those first three days of his deposition, he talked a lot about these two men, one that everybody calls *Iyappan* and the other one everyone calls *Commander Kumar*. The Commander is a title or designation left over from his military service, not his name. But that's what everyone calls them, Iyappan and Commander Kumar.

At the conclusion of those three days, which was a

Thursday, the next Monday on August 10 we immediately requested the depositions of Iyappan and Commander Kumar. We were met with a stony deaf silence for two weeks. On August 24 during a meet-and-confer session, TCS finally opened its mouth and responded and said that these two depositions would be tentatively scheduled for September 19th in Chini, amidst a number of other depositions that were going to be taken on what I'll call now in hindsight the India field trip for depositions.

We did not have documents for any of the deponents that we were going to be taking on that field trip. So on August 31st, we filed this emergency motion to compel production of documents so that the depositions could be meaningful as possible. That was heard in your absence by Peter Oppeneer. So that's what this takes off from.

On September 3rd in response to our emergency motion, TCS refused to search for documents for Iyappan and Commander Kumar saying "they're not likely to have any relevant information" and even the request for their documents "have no legitimate basis."

Well, that caught Mr. Gionnett's attention when he pulled up his pacer on September 3, and he promptly on September 7 sent a very lengthy email refuting that notion and proved beyond any peradventure that both

Iyappan and Commander Kumar are extraordinarily important witnesses and pointed with specificity to documents that prove that.

The final day of Mr. Gionnett's deposition on October 9th, we could hardly even find a way to extract from his deposition what to give you in a supplemental filing to show you how important these two men are to the case. Mr. Gionnett testified literally for hours about those two men and their importance.

Boiling it down, Iyappan is somebody at TCS who has responsibilities and visibility into and access to everything that happens virtually within TCS. He's a software architecture specialist. He has a horizontal portfolio that allows him to be deeply involved among others in the Kaiser account using Epic software and in the Med Mantra development. He's extraordinarily important.

Commander Kumar is the head of security. There is quite a bit of indication that he himself was probably either leading or a principal player in the internal investigation at TCS about what happened with Epic's downloaded documents, the very investigations that are just coming to light in the last two or three weeks, and so he's very important.

We have never been able to get dates for their

depositions until, I believe it just this morning we got an email saying hey, how about if we give you these two men on October 30 and 31. We don't have any documents, Your Honor. That's ten days from now. I'm not sure we can even — even if we were to get all their documents today, that's really pinching it. So where we're left is there have been dates offered. My guess is they probably don't work. I think the dates need to be extended probably a couple — a few days after that, especially in light of your ruling earlier today on the timing of dispositive motions. But we need those doggone documents and we need them right now, and that's what I'm asking for.

THE COURT: Okay. And when you say you need those documents, tell me what it is that you've requested. What's the universe here? Any documents on specific topics that were part of the deposition notice?

MR. RICHMOND: Your Honor, this goes back to all the document requests basically that we've had in the case. They've never to our knowledge designated either of these two men to be "custodians" of documents. So they haven't searched, in my view, as far as I know, they might tell me differently, they haven't searched for document one in either of these men's purview. They haven't looked at their emails, they haven't looked at

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their hard drives, they haven't gone to the backup servers. They've done nothing to ask these two gentlemen for anything related to the case, which would cover all kinds of things like comparisons between Epic's software and the competitive Med Mantra software. It would cover things like what internal investigations were done to find out what happened with Epic's documents that were improperly downloaded. It would cover subjects such as what was Iyappan's role in terms of getting information from the Kaiser account that included all kinds of information about Epic software, and what did or did he or did he not do with that information with respect to Med Mantra. And it potentially could involve what in the world was TCS doing when it downloaded documents from Epic's UserWeb having to do with a laboratory module when Kaiser didn't even use Epic's laboratory module. They were stealing laboratory documents, and in the same timeframe, they were working with a U.S. --

THE COURT: Mr. Richmond.

MR. RICHMOND: -- company -- sorry.

THE COURT: Mr. Richmond, let me interrupt you Now, you're giving your closing argument. don't need that.

MR. RICHMOND: It's the DaVita documents.

There's a laboratory in the U.S. that Med Mantra was developing a laboratory solution. By the way, I can offer — this is going to come up in more motion practice. For a long time TCS's position in this case was why would we steal your documents. There's nothing we would ever use because we don't do anything in the U.S. It's now come to light that they very well do things in the U.S. They are developing a laboratory module with a company called DaVita.

THE COURT: Well, Mr. Richmond, now you're digressing. I'm sure we'll have many more hearings at which you and Ms. Byroade can present your diametric positions on what's going on here. But let's focus on what needs to happen before November 16.

MR. RICHMOND: They need to respond to our document demands that are already out there by searching Iyappan and Commander Kumar as custodians.

THE COURT: Okay.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ RICHMOND: So include all those documents I was just talking about.

THE COURT: Understood. And let me ask you this: Based on the current offer of October 30 and 31 for the depositions, where is the proposed location?

MR. RICHMOND: They've proposed it by video.

I'd much prefer to take really important people in

person, but the real problem is we don't have any documents and that's just ten days away.

THE COURT: Okay. Understood. Ms. Byroade, your input. And you don't have to respond to Mr. Richmond's accusations of improper conduct. That's not the point today. The point is getting discovery taken care of. So what's your input on that, please?

MS. BYROADE: So I just think -- I mean first of all, both of the witnesses are in India and given the deadlines, that's why we proposed video conference.

So I'm moving to the documents. I think this is like -- what Mr. Richmond just said and how rambling that was about what documents he's looking for is a perfect example of what the problem is with his request. We've already searched 16 custodians. It's not a problem searching custodians, it's a problem that there's absolutely no relevance here. They're relying entirely on Mr. Gionnett. Mr. Gionnett could not point to any facts showing any misconduct or any involvement by either of these people.

And I think, you know, he mentioned that he showed them a bunch of documents during his deposition. What actually happened is that during the course of the deposition, Mr. Gionnett emailed those documents that he believed are important. That's not relevant for the

Rule 26. I think you can look at documents, because Mr. Richmond put them all in, it's like 25/30 documents. Mr. Gionnett thinks that they're important, but Mr. Richmond cannot point to anything in those documents to make any coherent theory why these key witnesses are likely to have relevant information.

THE COURT: Sure. Well, Ms. Byroade, let's cut to the pragmatic aspect of this discussion.

Understanding your position, and I'm not going to take sides here, but understanding your position that it's all completely irrelevant and this is all going to be smoke and mirrors and there will be no substance of this claim later, and I get that. I understand that the parties have very different views of what actually happened and what it means. But how time consuming and how difficult would it be to pull up the documents for Commander Kumar and Iyappan Rathina regardless of how irrelevant you think this process would be?

MS. BYROADE: You know, we have to collect them from the client. Essentially the process is we get the entire mail file from the client for the relevant time period and then we'll have to put in our search terms, and I can't really know -- I wouldn't be able to know the extent of time for the review until I know how many search term hits there are.

THE COURT: Well, give me a ballpark estimate.

Just what's the range that we're talking about here?

MS. BYROADE: I suppose it could probably be collected and reviewed in the next two weeks.

THE COURT: In two weeks?

MS. BYROADE: Yeah.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, today is the 20th. It you put the request in yet this afternoon, and I assume you guys are 24-7 until the motions get filed in November, if you had all of that -- and I'm just thinking out loud, so Mr. Richmond, I'm not committing to anything here. But I'm just looking at a calendar. So that would be November 3. And Mr. Richmond, I presume that you would want some time to look at this stuff. We've got November 16 for the not-later-than deadline.

If we put the depositions -- if the materials were provided by the 3rd at the latest and the deposition were on the 10th or the 11th, is that physically doable?

Ms. Byroade, I'll stick with you and then I'll check in with Mr. Richmond.

MS. BYROADE: I think that's doable. There's still the question of the location for the depositions, I think, but --

THE COURT: Well, you might be paying for

Mr. Richmond to fly to India, but I'm not going to look for trouble today. Let's just figure out what our time frame is and then let you two meet-and-confer, hopefully with more success than the past couple of email exchanges. But let's nail down some deadlines first.

And Ms. Byroade, to your knowledge, depending on location, your client can make both Commander Kumar and Mr. Rathina available in November.

MS. BYROADE: Yes. I had checked on next week and that's why we offered next week, but I think

November will be fine. I just -- if I can make one point about the process of video conferencing.

THE COURT: Sure.

MS. BYROADE: I know when we were talking to you on a different motion several months ago where Epic are requested that we be required to bring all our witnesses here and we were talking about the possible scenario for depositions and I believe, unless I misunderstood, that you actually — it sounded to me like the court was open to video conference depositions. We haven't done any yet. I mean we did seven depositions in India and I think six depositions in the U.S., so I just think that Epic should be required to consider that as a possibility.

THE COURT: Oh, absolutely. They don't get

veto power over a video deposition. I mean Rule 26(b)(3)(C) or (b)(1)(C)(iii) still matters.

Proportionality and cost haven't gone out the window, notwithstanding the scope of this particular case. But what I'd like to do first is figure out timeline.

And Ms. Byroade, last question. You're saying a couple weeks. If you had to, and understanding that there's a lot going on right now, do you think that could be tightened up? Do you think that could be done in eight to ten days?

MS. BYROADE: It's possible. It's just very hard to say without seeing what the searches are.

THE COURT: Understood. All right. Well, thank you for your input.

MS. BYROADE: It's a lot -- I'm dealing with a lot.

THE COURT: Sure. The more the longer. Yeah, I get it.

MS. BYROADE: Well, I wanted to make the point that a lot of times with the search terms, Epic knows what search terms we're running and we run them and we get a huge number of hits that we look at that are false hits. And there end up being a handful of responsive documents. So even as we expect there won't be relevant documents, but it still takes time to review.

THE COURT: Understood. Well, it's a sifting and winnowing process, isn't it? Mr. Richmond, your input, please.

MR. RICHMOND: Thank you, Your Honor. First of all, I heard Ms. Byroade say they were just going do search for mail and it needs to be much broader than that. There can be PowerPoints and analyses and spreadsheets that might not find their way on the emails. Those might be the most important documents in the case for all I know. So I want those.

Secondly in terms of timing, it's going to be tough. I mean obviously we're pinched here. We will do our level best to meet whatever deadlines the Court sets and respond to that.

Finally with respect to searching for documents and sifting through them, this is perhaps not the right motion, but Your Honor, we just don't trust what's going to happen, just so you know. I mean the fact that these investigative reports have not been produced to us for a year, I don't have a good warm feeling in my heart that after eight days of pawing around and, you know, by already prediction Ms. Byroade is saying we're just going to have a handful of documents for you. It doesn't make me feel good.

THE COURT: Well, we don't look for trouble

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here. That's one of our mantras. We have a lot of them, but that's one we invoke frequently. But you've already mentioned Rule 11 during this telephone call. That's a nuclear option. But let's face it, in many lawsuits that involve a lot of information on a global scale, things happen that seem bad and are not bad. Sometimes things happen that seem bad and are bad. And I don't know that this is all going to be shaken out and in a position to put before the Court any time soon, certainly not before dispositive motions. It may be that over the course of time between now and April things come to light that cause extraordinary alarm for Epic to the point that Epic files a Rule 11 motion or a 37(b) motion or something like that. And we will deal with that. We've had those motions in other cases and the judges here are not shy about punishing a party who has broken the rules or misled counsel in an inappropriate way or done something else that's sanctionable.

So Mr. Richmond, I don't blame you for being suspicion. This is an adversary process. You sound like you don't trust what you've learned so far and you've given some examples of why you feel that way. The Court does not have enough information today to take sides, so I'm just going to be completely neutral on

that. But I just want to let you know and Ms. Byroade for this matter, although she hasn't expressed the same concerns, that if at any point you think that you have been mistreated by opposing counsel or by the other side in a way that requires court sanctions, file your motion and we'll put you on the docket. If necessary, Judge Conley will hold an evidentiary hearing with witnesses and oral argument and we will do what justice requires at that point.

But I also want that to be an admonition to both sides to be thorough, to be fair, and to make sure that your clients get it. Because if they don't, there will be consequences. Maybe not immediately, but in hindsight if the Court has to act later, it will.

Again, we're not going to look for trouble. I'd like to think that this is all going to shake itself out in an expedient and efficient way and that's certainly the expectation today. But Mr. Richmond, if it turns out otherwise, you've got the opportunity then to make your motion. Understood?

MR. RICHMOND: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. That was a longer homily than I intended, but I think the record will reflect that we really do need to get the information out there. So let's do this: Ms. Byroade, I'll give you the full

two weeks, but it's not just emails. I'm not going to micromanage today, but you and Mr. Richmond have to at least talk about the documents. But understanding TCS's position that this is all just a snipe hunt and that nothing is ever going to show up, at this point you've got to humor Epic and if they want the documents, you get the documents and they have to go out within two weeks by November 3.

When the deposition occurs after that, I'll let the parties sort that out. I'm not requiring it to be in person. It may just be the timing doesn't allow that, notwithstanding Mr. Richmond's preferences. If it has to be by video because Mr. Richmond wants it before summary judgment, that's fine. If it's too important to do by video but it can't be done by the 16th, then it may have to be done later. I'm not going to worry about that today. The presumption is, however, that it has to occur by the 11th in some fashion if Epic wants it available -- wants it, plural -- the depositions of these two witnesses available to use for summary judgment. Beyond that, I'm not going to enter any further order today.

I will allow the parties to ask for clarification on this right now. But I think that's really all I should do until you've had a chance to check with your

clients, check with each other, and figure out how you want to approach it next.

Mr. Richmond, it's your motion. Is that clear enough today?

MR. RICHMOND: I'm clear on what you've ordered, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Byroade, same questions to you. Is it clear enough today what has to happen on this one?

MS. BYROADE: Yes. Thank you.

THE COURT: I think we're done today. I think we're getting back on the phone on October 28 for plaintiff's October 16 motion to compel, Docket 135. I don't think we've got a response to that yet. Like I said, I look forward avidly to the response and maybe next week you guys can give me an update on where we find ourselves. With that --

MS. BYROADE: Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- I think we're done, but let me check with each side. Ms. Byroade, I think you want to be heard?

MS. BYROADE: Your Honor, I just wanted to raise one issue, and part of this was addressed in the papers that had been filed. But it also affects the motion that was filed on Friday.

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. BYROADE: That Epic is — obviously the parties are required to meet — make a good faith attempt to resolve issues and meet—and—confer before a discovery motion is filed. Epic has basically been ignoring that. Some of that we put in our declaration about the 30(b)(6) motion, but also the motion that was filed on Friday, just one example, they're asking for documents that we actually produced to them earlier on Friday that they didn't bother to look at before filing the motion. And they're also asking for things that they've never asked for until filing the motion.

So I think they're trying to just get things more quickly, but, you know, they should be required to follow the pretrial order and the rules.

THE COURT: That's a fair request. And I'm not going to ask Mr. Richmond to respond to it today. But Ms. Byroade, if part of your response you want to show that they're basically cheating on that requirement, please go ahead and do that. Here's the problem we often encounter, not just in this lawsuit but historically, that the closer we get to a motions deadline, the more urgent every discovery request becomes. The Court could just take a hard line and tell you to work it out between yourselves. That just

usually fails. Sometimes it's easier just to get on the phone and referee the disputes. I'm not saying that that's preferable, but it's sometimes more efficient and more pragmatic.

But Ms. Byroade, you do have a dog in this fight.

If you think you're being abused, if you think

Mr. Richmond and his colleagues are filing motions too

soon and not checking for you and they've got no basis,

ask for relief and you're entitled to relief if it turns

out that this is a situation where more should have been

done before the motion was filed. Does that help at

all?

MS. BYROADE: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Richmond.

MR. RICHMOND: Your Honor, people in glass houses shouldn't throw stones. So if Ms. Byroade wants to make that argument, we'll prove it wrong and show where she hasn't asked for meet-and-confers. But we'll leave that for next week.

THE COURT: We get one or two cases every year that are just the problem children of the court and I think this case qualifies. I think this is our seventh or eighth hearing on discovery issues. Next week will be the ninth, I believe, maybe the tenth. I'm not sure. I don't expect it to get better. Frankly I'm not sure

that ordering the parties to try to get along better would have any effect here.

So we'll just muddle through one motion at a time. All right? Do the best you can. We're done for today.

MR. RICHMOND: Thank you, Your Honor.

(Proceedings concluded at 3:24 p.m.)

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I, LYNETTE SWENSON, Certified Realtime and Merit Reporter in and for the State of Wisconsin, certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the telephonic proceedings held on the 20th day of October 2015 before the Honorable Stephen L. Crocker, Magistrate Judge for the Western District of Wisconsin, in my presence and reduced to writing in accordance with my stenographic notes made at said time and place. Dated this 23rd day of October 2015.

/s/_

Lynette Swenson, RMR, CRR Federal Court Reporter

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